SAFETY DATA SHEET



Preferred Synthetic Blend 5W-30

Section 1. Identif	ication
GHS product identifier	: Preferred Synthetic Blend 5W-30
Product code	: 302229280033
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Product type	: Liquid.
Relevant identified uses of	the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Identified uses	
Lubricating Oil Synthetic	
Uses advised against	Reason
None known.	
Supplier's details	: Calumet Branded Products, LLC 2780 Waterfront Pkwy E. Drive Suite 200 Indianapolis, IN 46214 USA Technical Services:317-328-5660
Emergency telephone number	: 24 hr. CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 / International 1-703-527-3887
Section 2. Hazard	ds identification
OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	: SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
GHS label elements Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Warning
Hazard statements	: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Precautionary statements	
General	: Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
Prevention	: Wear protective gloves. Avoid breathing vapor.
Response	: Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: Not applicable.
Disposal	 Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture Other means of identification

- : Mixture
- : Not available.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	≥90	64742-54-7
Lubricating oils (petroleum), hydrotreated spent	≤10	64742-58-1
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based	≤7.1	72623-87-1
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	≤4.8	64742-65-0
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic	≤4.8	64742-56-9
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic	≤3	64742-55-8
zinc O,O,O',O'-tetrakis(1,3-dimethylbutyl) bis(phosphorodithioate)	≤1.5	2215-35-2
dihydro-3-(octadecenyl)furan-2,5-dione	<1	28777-98-2
phenol, (tetrapropenyl) deriva-tives	≤0.1	74499-35-7

The classification as a carcinogen need not apply if it can be shown that the substance contains less than 3 % DMSO extract as measured by IP 346

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary	first aid measures
Eye contact	 Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed Potential acute health effects

Section 4 First aid measures

Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/symp	
Eye contact	No specific data.
Inhalation	No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Indication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide sulfur oxides phosphorus oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	Evacuate su entering. Do Provide ade	rrounding areas. Keep o not touch or walk throu quate ventilation. Wear	y personal risk or without unnecessary and unprote gh spilled material. Avoid appropriate respirator wh onal protective equipmer	ected person d breathing nen ventilati	nnel from vapor or mist.
For emergency responders		n suitable and unsuitable	leal with the spillage, take materials. See also the		
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Section 6. Accidental release measures

Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	ont	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	
Protective measures	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [Mineral Oil, pure, highly and severely refined] TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). [Oil mist, mineral] TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). [OIL MIST MINERAL] TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 10 hours. Form: Mist STEL: 10 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Mist ACGIH TLV (United States).

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ , (Inhalable Mist) 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). [OIL MIST MINERAL]
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 10 hours. Form: Mist STEL: 10 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Mist ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [Mineral Oil, pure, highly and severely refined]
	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). [Oil mist, mineral] TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). [OIL MIST MINERAL]
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 10 hours. Form: Mist STEL: 10 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Mist ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).
	[Mineral Oil, pure, highly and severely refined] TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). [Oil mist, mineral] TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). [OIL MIST MINERAL] TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 10 hours. Form: Mist STEL: 10 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Mist
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [Mineral Oil, pure, highly and severely refined] TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). [Oil mist, mineral] TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). [OIL MIST MINERAL] TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 10 hours. Form: Mist STEL: 10 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Mist
zinc O,O,O',O'-tetrakis(1,3-dimethylbutyl) bis(phosphorodithioate) dihydro-3-(octadecenyl)furan-2,5-dione phenol, (tetrapropenyl) deriva-tives	None. None. None.
	None.

Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

Appropriate engineering controls	:	Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

 eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Eyelface protection Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unles the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side- shields. Skin protection Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be unted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for differe glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. Body protection Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task be performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by specialist before handling this product. 		· · ·
 assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unles the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields. Skin protection Hand protection Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for differe glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. Body protection Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task be performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Other skin protection Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be approved by specialist before handling this product. 	Hygiene measures	Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety
 Hand protection Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task be performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be approved b specialist before handling this product. 	Eye/face protection	assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-
 worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. Body protection Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task be performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Other skin protection Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be approved by specialist before handling this product. 	Skin protection	
Other skin protection: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selecte based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by specialist before handling this product.	Hand protection	noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the
based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved b specialist before handling this product.	Body protection	
President manufaction and a start has been adressed and a startical for some some selection of the that we start the	Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.	Respiratory protection	respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance

Physical state	:	Liquid.						
Color	:	Pale color. Yellow.						
Odor	:	Characteristic.						
Odor threshold	:	Not available.						
рН	:	Not available.						
Melting point/freezing point	:	Not available.						
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	:	Not available.						
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 19 to 19	96°C (66.2	to 384.8	8°F) [Pensky-N	Martens]	
Evaporation rate	1	Not available.						
Flammability	:	Not available.						
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	1	Not available.						
Vapor pressure	1		Vapo	r Pressu	ure at 20°C	Va	por press	sure at 50°C
		Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
		Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	<0.07501	<0.01	ASTM D 5191			
Relative vapor density	:	Not available.						
Relative density	:	0.856						

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Solubility(ies)	1	Media	Result		
		cold water hot water	Not soluble Not soluble		
Solubility in water	:	Not available.			
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.			
Auto-ignition temperature	1	Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
		zinc bis(O,O-diisooctyl) bis (dithiophosphate)	198	388.4	
Decomposition temperature	1	Not available.			
Viscosity	1	Kinematic (40°C (104°F)):	56.1 to 58.7 m	hm²/s (56.1 to ؛	58.7 cSt)
Flow time (ISO 2431)	1	Not available.			
Pour point	1	-48 to -45°C (-54.4 to -49°l	F)		
Particle characteristics					
Median particle size	1	Not applicable.			

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.
Incompatible materials	: No specific data.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	5.7 mg/l	4 hours
5	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Lubricating oils (petroleum), hydrotreated spent	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
,	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	2.18 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.53 mg/l	4 hours
•	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
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paraffinic				
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Distillates (petroleum),	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.53 mg/l	4 hours
hydrotreated light paraffinic			_	
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
zinc 0,0,0',0'-tetrakis	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>2 mg/l	1 hours
(1,3-dimethylbutyl) bis			-	
(phosphorodithioate)				
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>3160 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2600 mg/kg	-
dihydro-3-(octadecenyl)furan-	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
2,5-dione				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
zinc O,O,O',O'-tetrakis (1,3-dimethylbutyl) bis (phosphorodithioate)	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rat	-	-	-
dihydro-3-(octadecenyl)furan- 2,5-dione	Skin - Moderate irritant Skin - Irritant	Rat Rabbit	-	- 4 hours	-

Sensitization

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
zinc O,O,O',O'-tetrakis (1,3-dimethylbutyl) bis (phosphorodithioate)	skin	Guinea pig	Not sensitizing
,	skin	Guinea pig	Sensitizing

Mutagenicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Experiment	Result
- , - , - , -	OECD 471 Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test	Subject: Bacteria	Negative

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Maternal toxicity	Fertility	Development toxin	Species	Dose	Exposure
zinc O,O,O',O'-tetrakis (1,3-dimethylbutyl) bis (phosphorodithioate)	-	-	-	Rat - Male, Female	Oral: 160 mg/kg	-

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Section 11. Toxicological information

Name	Result
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure	:	Not available.
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	:	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
		cal, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	÷	No specific data.
Inhalation	4	No specific data.
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	1	No specific data.
Delayed and immediate effec Short term exposure	<u>ts</u>	and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	1	Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	ect	<u>s</u>
Not available.		
General	:	Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/ I)
Bel-Ray BRX Synthetic Blend 5W-30	292263.8	2793.4	N/A	N/A	N/A
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	5.7
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
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Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity			
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute IC50 >100 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Crustaceans	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
•	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Chronic NOEL >1 mg/l	Daphnia	21 days
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic	Acute LC50 4.5 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
, 31	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
zinc O,O,O',O'-tetrakis (1,3-dimethylbutyl) bis (phosphorodithioate)	EC50 >100 mg/l	Aquatic plants	3 days
	EC50 23 mg/l	Daphnia	2 days
	LC50 4.5 mg/l	Fish	4 days
	NOEC 0.4 mg/l	Daphnia	21 days
	NOEC 1.8 mg/l	Fish	4 days
dihydro-3-(octadecenyl)furan- 2,5-dione	Acute LC50 >10 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
zinc O,O,O',O'-tetrakis (1,3-dimethylbutyl) bis (phosphorodithioate)	OECD 301B Ready Biodegradability - CO ₂ Evolution Test OECD 301B Ready Biodegradability - CO ₂ Evolution Test	1.5 % - 28 days 1.5 % - Not readily - 28 days	-	-

Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	-	-	Not readily
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral	-	-	Inherent
oil-based			
Distillates (petroleum),	-	-	Inherent
hydrotreated light paraffinic			
zinc 0,0,0',0'-tetrakis	-	-	Not readily
(1,3-dimethylbutyl) bis			
(phosphorodithioate)			

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	>6	-	High
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based	>6	-	High
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	2 to 6	-	High
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic	>6	-	High

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Discussion and support the state	
Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products
	via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
	Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been
	cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Section 14. Transport information

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

5	,
U.S. Federal regulations	: TSCA 4(a) proposed test rules: dihydro-3-(octadecenyl)furan-2,5-dione
	TSCA 8(a) PAIR : Phosphorodithioic acid, O,O-di-C1-14-alkyl esters, zinc salts; diphenylamine; phenol, (tetrapropenyl) deriva-tives
	TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined
	Clean Water Act (CWA) 307 : zinc O,O,O',O'-tetrakis(1,3-dimethylbutyl) bis (phosphorodithioate); Phosphorodithioic acid, O,O-di-C1-14-alkyl esters, zinc salts; zinc bis(O,O-diisooctyl) bis(dithiophosphate)
Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	: Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	: Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	: Not listed
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	: Not listed
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	: Not listed
SADA 202/204	

<u>SARA 302/304</u>

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ

: Not applicable.

SARA 311/312 Classification

: SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification	
Distillates (petroleum), solvent- dewaxed light paraffinic	≤4.8	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic	≤3	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	
zinc O,O,O',O'-tetrakis (1,3-dimethylbutyl) bis (phosphorodithioate)	≤1.5	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A	
dihydro-3-(octadecenyl)furan- 2,5-dione	<1	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1	

SARA 313

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	zinc O,O,O',O'-tetrakis(1,3-dimethylbutyl) bis (phosphorodithioate)	2215-35-2	≤1.5
Supplier notification	zinc O,O,O',O'-tetrakis(1,3-dimethylbutyl) bis (phosphorodithioate)	2215-35-2	≤1.5

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations

New York

Massachusetts	: The following components are listed: OIL MIST, MINERAL
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: None of the components are listed.

Date of	of issue	/Date of	revision
Duto .	or 100000	Date of	

Section 15. Regulatory information

New Jersey	: The following components are listed: ZINC compounds
Pennsylvania	: The following components are listed: ZINC COMPOUNDS
California Prop. 65	
This product is not known to	contain California Prop 65 substances ≥1 ppm
nternational lists	
National inventory	
Australia	: All components are listed, exempted, or notified.
Canada	: All components are listed or exempted.
China	: Not determined.
Eurasian Economic Union	: Russian Federation inventory: Not determined.
New Zealand	: All components are listed or exempted.
Philippines	: Not determined.
Republic of Korea	: All components are listed or exempted.
Taiwan	: All components are listed or exempted.
Thailand	: Not determined.
Turkey	: Not determined.
United States	: All components are active or exempted.
Viet Nam	: Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

Health Flammability Health Special

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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1		Justification
		Calculation method
History		
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 03/04/2024	
Date of previous issue	: No previous validation	
Version	: 1	
Key to abbreviations	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available 	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 03/04/2024 Date of previous issue : No previous	validation Version : 1 13/14

Section 16. Other information

SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

V Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.